

PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITIES PARAMOUNT PROBLEM

Governor of Ohio Maintains
Lead as Best Democratic
Timber for High Office in
Election of 1912.

**HARMON AND MARSHALL
SUGGESTED AS TICKET**

Indiana Executive Coming to
Front as Vice Presidential
Candidate; Numerous Offer-
ings Being Busily Groomed.

Morning Journal Bureau,
613 Mariner Building,
Washington, D. C., Dec. 30.

Washington is the center of political discussion today. Since the re-appointing of congress, the consideration of the presidential situation has been uppermost. Party men of both sides have their eyes fixed upon 1912.

Aspart from random discussion of politics, there have been formal conferences of deep and far-reaching importance in the interest of

Harmont, conference in the interest of Dr. Woodrow Wilson, and conferences of the followers of William Jennings Bryan.

The democrats are hopeful of winning the presidency in 1912. Some of them are actually confident.

All the wise ones, however, appreciate the fact that everything depends upon happenings in the meantime. They know that the results of the congressional and gubernatorial elections last month were of less importance than any election results in the past, that while the voters displayed an unmistakable lack of confidence in the republican party as a party, they turned to the democratic party only because it represented opposition, not because of anything it had done to command the support of the people.

The thinking democrats, therefore, are mindful of the importance of doing something to hold the support of the masses. What they shall do is the present-day problem. The chief question is the big bear. How the democratic party will handle this issue nobody knows definitely.

Judson Harmon of Ohio, who has

twice carried his state, is generally regarded as the most promising candidate for the democratic nomination in 1912. He is a full fledged candidate, consumed with ambition to reach the White House. He has an organization that is country wide, and now being systematically perfected. He is by no means yet assured of being the nominee.

The pending senatorial contest in his state threatened for a time to be his undoing. He received some sound advice during his recent visit to Washington. He was told bluntly by democrats who wished him well that if a scandal developed in the choice of a senator at Columbus—if the toga were purchased outright, as seemed imminent—he would be held accountable for the state and national disgrace and could not look forward to the possibility of further preferment.

There was a fear, rapidly growing into conviction, that Harmon had been drawn into an unholy compact on the campaign which would ruin his political prospects.

After his departure from Washington the fact developed that the Ohioan had taken steps to set himself right. He is now confidently predicted that Senator Dick's successor will be a clean man, and the legislative election free from corruption.

Woodrow Wilson's courageous dealing with a somewhat similar, though not quite so aggravated, and somewhat senatorial possibility in New Jersey, has been the subject of some criticism by partisan democrats, but is warmly commended by the more progressive and independent party men, who realize that the democracy can succeed only by deserving success.

This is a through devotion to ideals and the support of men of ideals worthy to fill high places.

Democrats of the south—and the south will again be potent in the next democratic national convention—are conspicuously pleased with Wilson and his attitude. Predisposed in his favor originally because he is a southerner by birth, they see in him the qualities of a real leader, and if his administration at Trenton as governor has been as successful as his campaign has been, he will undoubtedly prove a formidable competitor of Harmon for the presidential nomination.

A third democrat, not so well known as either Harmon or Wilson, but who has quietly made an impression that extends beyond the borders of his state, is Governor Thomas H. Marshall of Indiana. He is a broad-minded, progressive leader, of genuine ability, who has already taken rank with the great Hoosier governors of the past. He forced his party to promulgate a candidate for senator and let the people of the state know what a democratic victory at the polls would mean. His choice of John W. Kern, a clean and capable man, as the successor of Senator Beveridge, is now assured.

Marshall stands for popular government. He has not yet been wholly converted to the initiative and referendum and the recall, but otherwise is an ardent and eloquent champion of rule by the people. He is not a dreamer or a political fanatic, but a level-headed man of parts, in whom the modicum of common sense is always conspicuously in evidence.

Governor Marshall's handling of the senatorial situation, like Woodrow Wilson's, was in striking contrast with Judson Harmon's seeming evasion of duty in similar premises.

In the presidential speculation, necessarily tentative at this time, a combination of New Jersey and Indiana in 1912, with Wilson and Marshall as the standard bearers commands itself strongly to thinking, deliberate democrats. New Jersey and Indiana are traditionally democratic states, and under anything like normal political conditions would be democratic in a national election.

Ohio, in spite of its off year upheaval on local issues, is traditionally and inherently a republican state, and there are few democrats who honestly believe that Harmon could carry it for president.

William Jennings Bryan has announced, and repeatedly, that he is not a candidate for another presidential nomination. But he is a fighter, and a decided factor in the situation—a factor that cannot be ignored by any of the candidates. A Pennsylvania democrat, who knows the Nebraska well, ventured the prediction recently that he will defeat Bryan in 1912, and that he will be elected.

"Mr. Bryan," he said, "will not tell us what he wants to do. In answer to our letters begging to know his wishes, he simply answers: 'Watch my editorial in the Commonwealth.'"

Some time ago Bryan was urged to indicate his personal choice for the presidential nomination in 1912. He put Governor Shoup of Colorado, first, and Governor Marshall of Indiana, second. He stated frankly then that he was opposed to Harmon. He considered him as a reactionary, a man closely affiliated with the Johnsons, and wholly out of time with the progressive democratic party of today.

He did not conceive it possible for the party to win election on progressive lines. He evidently thought that Harmon before the nation would cut about as sorry a figure as did Alton B. Parker in 1904. Harmon opposed Bryan's nomination in 1904, but did not vote against him. He was "neutral" in the Bryan campaign following.

More recently, Bryan has been less inclined to commit himself as to candidates, and in a late issue of his paper mentions the availability of the several named and receptive candidates. He has privately expressed satisfaction as to Woodrow Wilson, New Jersey, and John A. Dix, governor-elect of New York, as probably dominating the greatly by southern sentiment, but it is known that Wilson's fight upon James S. Smith, Jr., who is seeking the Jersey senatorial ship again, has challenged Bryan's admiration and prompted his hearty applause.

As between Wilson and Harmon, there is no doubt that only the Nebraska would initially prefer Wilson, but he personally regards Marshall as the most available of the two.

The new start the year preceding the presidential struggle—will see many momentous moves on the political chess board. The issue of popular government is the great and growing issue which promises to subjugate all else—not accepting the tariff, which will trouble the democrats more than anything else.

Here at Washington the democrats, as to their great opportunity, do not minimize the strength of President Taft. They admit frankly that he is showing steadily in popularity, and that the country's heavy acquaintance with him will mean increasing strength and confidence. But while they profess to believe that his party is as completely discredited, that it seems doomed to inevitable defeat in 1912.

Weekly cash prices of the Fresh Fishes, North Second Street, Fresh Fishes, on Wednesday, J. A. Brittain, proprietor.

Try a Morning Journal Want Ad
Journal Want Ads Get Results

**Richelieu Grocery
and Market**

FRANK TROTTER, Prop.

116 W. Gold Ave.

235-Telephones-236

AFRICAN HUNTING SUBJECT FOR INQUIRY DEATH TO DISGRACE

GEORGIAN HAS NEW PLAN
TO WORRY ROOSEVELT

Suggests Congressional Investigation of Smithsonian Institution's Connection With Expedition After Big Game.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire)

Washington, Dec. 30.—The African hunting trip as organized and carried out by the Smithsonian Institution via Roosevelt, is the subject of the latest proposed congressional investigation. The suggestion was received here today by Representative Rainey of Illinois, from a citizen of a Georgia town, who referred to such an inquiry as a "public service" and to the Smithsonian as a "trash heap institution."

Mr. Rainey is the democrat who recently introduced a resolution to inquire into the manner in which Mr. Roosevelt obtained his transportation and his supplies on his trip about the country while he was president. He purposes at the earliest opportunity to present this resolution, which was referred to the rules committee and promptly pigeonholed.

The Georgian declares that an extension of such an inquiry to include the ways in which the expenses of the African hunting expedition were borne by the Smithsonian Institution "would show waste, extravagance and squandering of public money."

The Smithsonian has never reported the cost of the expedition, but it submitted a statement that 6,663 skins and 2,500 sheets of plants were obtained.

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brove their lives. In case these, after proper investigation should be distributed by the public attorney, it will be sufficient for the claimants to give a guarantee that the legal costs will be paid should the case go against them, for the suit to proceed undisturbed by due process of law.

"The Portuguese government does not interfere in the matter and will certainly make no attempt to seize any private property, whatever the use to which it may have been put in the past."

NO OBJECTION TO MORMON
PICTURE ON GIFT SILVER

New York, Dec. 30.—If pictures of Brigham Young and the Mormon people are engraved upon the silver service presented to the battleship Utah by the citizens of the state, the United States government is not perturbed over the fact.

Formal protest against the decoration of the service was lodged with President Taft some time ago by Hugh G. Miller of this city, acting for the Woman's Republican club.

Mr. Miller received a letter today from Assistant Secretary Reekman Winthrop of the navy department, saying that the department did not feel it could supervise such matters.

Carried Unconscious From Court Where He Was About to be Arraigned on Charge of Wrecking Institution.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire)

New York, Dec. 30.—With head erect, shoulders squared, and eyes trained on him, Joseph G. Robin, the indicted banker, stepped from his sister's home this morning to face arraignment, calm in the knowledge that he had swallowed a dose of hyoscine, the deadly alkaloid, with which Dr. Criven killed his wife, Belle Elmore. He collapsed before he could be taken into court, with the exclamation:

"I am a dead man; I've taken poison tablets."

The case was postponed in the greater excitement, a stomach pump was hurriedly brought into play and the sick man was carried first to the prison hospital and later to Bellevue, where he lies tonight in the prison ward. No charge of attempted suicide is entered against him, and it is thought he will recover, although the action of hyoscine is slow and much will depend on his vitality.

The time at which Robin took the drug is approximately fixed by the testimony of Dr. Austin Flint, retained for Robin by William Travers Jerome, his counsel, Dr. Louis Robinson, his sister, and the two detectives who rode with him from Elmore's house to the criminal court building.

Dr. Flint told the court that as he was in the habit of taking hyoscine in small doses to counteract the effects of morphine, which he used to deaden the stinging pains by which gall stones make themselves known. She kept the drug in her house and she thought her brother swallowed twelve tablets. At Bellevue tonight, the examining surgeons estimated that Robin had taken about one-tenth of a grain.

Tollin seemed in good health this morning, but at any time since his troubles began and he made no effort to screen his face from the cameras as hitherto. The first sign of illness was when he staggered out of his room in his automobile, to the criminal court building.

In the elevator he weakened so rapidly that the detectives had to lift him to a couch. There he sank into unconsciousness and was not revived until the stomach pump had been worked vigorously. Its prompt use saved his life.

Outside the corridors of the criminal court building fairly hummed with excitement, but in the court of sessions itself, Judge Crane was transacting business as usual when Jerome stepped rapidly down the aisle.

Your honor," he began hurriedly, "I am here in the Robin case. It appears that the defendant has taken a drug. He cannot be stimulated. An ambulance has been summoned and surgeons are now pumping his stomach. The delay is unavoidable."

Dr. Austin Flint retained by Jerome was called. The assistant district attorney asked him what Robin had said.

"He said," answered Dr. Flint, "I am a dead man; I've taken poison tablets. I found his face flushed, the pupils of his eyes dilated, his pulse 160, and feeble. He told me he had swallowed the poison three-quarters of an hour previously."

The case was postponed until the receipt of further advice as to Robin's condition.

Robin's frustrated attempt today leaves the question of his sanity still open. Dr. William Mahler, for the state and Dr. Austin Flint, for his counsel, examined him last night and found him physically able to appear in court today, but they did not pass on his mental condition.

In the affidavit submitted by his sister, when she applied for his commitment to an asylum, she swore he attempted suicide last Saturday and gave that as one of the evidences of insanity.

There were no further developments today in connection with either the Northern Bank of New York or the Washington Savings Bank, both of which are the lands of the state banking department, but the state department of insurance took over the affairs of the Title & Guarantee company of Rochester, N. Y. A large force of accountants is at work on the ledgers of the many intervenor companies which Robin promoted.

Hunter Accidentally Shot.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 30.—Karl R. Steiner, of San Antonio, trainer for Marshall academy, was accidentally shot today while hunting on his ranch near Comfort, by Lieutenant Charles L. Stevenson, U. S. A., stationed at Fort Sheridan, Ill.

PORTUGAL NOT ANXIOUS
TO CONFISCATE PROPERTY
OF RELIGIOUS CONGREGATIONS

Washington, Dec. 30.—With the idea that the attitude of the Portuguese government regarding property of religious congregations held to be illegitimate is misunderstood in this country, the Portuguese minister, Viscount de Alva, tonight made the following statement:

"Directly the congregations were dissolved, as inventories of their property was taken with a view to its proper protection and in order that it may be surrendered to the rightful owners."

The courts are examining investigations of the titles presented by the claimants, without any charge to the latter, and a delay of six months has been granted for the claimants to file their claims.

ARMY AVIATOR FALLS
TO DEATH IN
FRANCE

Unfortunate Officer Falls Sixty Feet When Testing New Monoplane for Government.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire)

Verona, France, Dec. 30.—Lieutenant Caumont of the army aviation corps while testing a new monoplane today fell from a height of sixty feet. Both legs were broken. The injured man was taken immediately to the military hospital where he died tonight. As soon as he learned of the accident, General Brum, minister of war, nominated Lieutenant Caumont for the Legion of Honor, but death occurred before the cross could be taken to him.

STATE BUSINESS AT
STANDSTILL IN
OKLAHOMA

Old and New Capitals Awaiting Definite Decision as to Which of Them are to Win Controversy.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire)

Guthrie, Okla., Dec. 30.—While all state offices were nominally open here today, no official business was transacted and only routine matters were attended to by the clerks. The same conditions existed at Oklahoma City and as a result state business was at a standstill.

The supreme court has recognized Oklahoma City as the state capital, but by refusing to receive suits for filing in the office of the clerk of the supreme court.

OLD SCHOOL HOUSE TO
BE TEMPORARY CAPITAL

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Dec. 30.—At a meeting of a citizens' committee this afternoon it was decided to utilize an old school building as a temporary capitol.

VOTE SELLING AN
ANCIENT CUSTOM
IN WEST UNION

Prisoner, 57 Years of Age, Tells Court That Election Corruption Was General Since He Was Boy.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire)

West Union, O., Dec. 30.—The Adams county grand jury today returned seven more indictments and more than fifty persons appeared and pleaded guilty in connection with the investigation of wholesale vote selling. A majority of them were disfranchised for five years and fined \$2 to \$15. The total indicted now is 1,441.

A Tiffin township voter, 82 years old, admitted he had sold his vote for \$11 and 25 cents, a negro, who was among the first to plead not guilty, after pleading guilty, said that vote buying conditions have existed in Adams county since he was a boy. Judge Blair expressed the opinion that there was an arrangement for vote buying by republicans and democrats managers. Of the 400 voters who have been before him each one said he had never been approached more than one or two precinct workers, thus indicating that each one had his own lot to look after.

When first arrested Sopher was very indignant. He said he had been among the first to plead not guilty, but had been asked to vote for republicans and had never been asked to vote for any other.

John McNay, a farmer, pleaded not guilty today and demanded a jury trial. He was held in jail for four days, but his mind was returned, and fined \$15 and costs and was discharged.

Agents for Clovis Creamery Butter. Fresh Every Day
From the Creamery.
Try Clovis Butter. It's Fresh and Sweet

THE JAFFA GROCERY CO.

Good Things to Eat

**Our Store Will Be Closed
All Day Monday**

21 lbs. of Sugar \$1.00 With Any \$5.00 Order Not Including the Sugar.

A Few Money Savers for You:

CAN FRUIT, any variety 15c	Solid Pack
Per dozen \$1.65	Smoked White Fish
This Fruit is a snap. We want to close out ODDS AND ENDS in different brands.	Smoked Sausages of all kinds
In Assorted Cases (21 cans)	A dozen kinds of Fresh Cheese.
Corn, Peas, Beans, Tomatoes \$2.45	Imported Swiss Cheese.
Delicious can Pumpkin, 2	Oranges, per box \$2.85
..... 25c	Apples, per box, \$1.85 to \$3.00
Delicious can Sweet Potatoes 15c	Fresh Ranch Eggs, per doz 45c
2 cans Pimientos 25c	Colorado Ranch Eggs, good and fresh, doz 35c
1 can Heinz Apple Butter 20c	Five varieties Table Relishes, such as Mixed Pickles, Chow Chow, etc., pint 20c
Campbell's Soups, can 10c	IN OUR BAKERY DEPARTMENT.
3 cans Pork and Beans 25c	ANGEL FOODS
2 3-lb cans Pork and Beans 35c	POTATO CAKES
2 3-lb cans Pork and Beans 25c	LAYER CAKES
2 3-lb boxes Domingo Sugar 30c	ALMOND CREAMS
Macaroni, Fernell brand 10c	CREAM PUFFS
Spaghetti, Fernell brand 15c	BISMARKS
as fine as imported 15c	PUFFE PASTE TARTS
5 pkgs Globe Starch 25c	SCHILLER LOCKS
2 pkgs Corn Starch 25c	NUT LOAF CAKES, etc.
3 pkgs Dutch Celeriac 25c	Have you tried our cakes and then compared them to other bakery goods.
3 cans Rex Lye 10c	THE TASTE TELLS THE STORY
Swift's Premium Bacon 30c	Try our Bread and Rolls—
Swift's Premium Ham 40c	Hot Every Day at 11 o'clock.
Old Homestead Flour \$1.35	
White Eagle Flour \$1.50	
Victor Macaroni, pkg 10c	
Special to Close Out—	
Gallon can Tomatoes 30c	

Agents for Clovis Butter. Fresh From the Creamery Every Day By Express.

Alfalfa